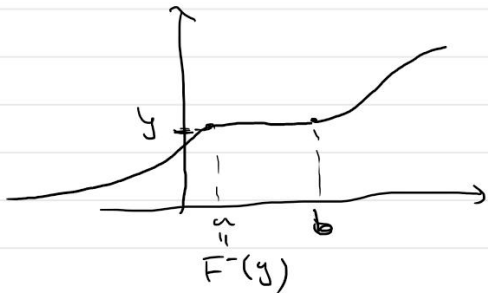


$$5.1. \sup_{t \in \mathbb{R}} |F_n(t) - F(t)|$$

$$F_n(t) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{1}_{\{X_i \leq t\}}$$

$$\underline{F^{-1}(u)} = \inf \{x ; F(x) \geq u\}$$



$$\underline{F(F^{-1}(y)) = y.}$$

$$\underline{x \leq F^{-1}(y) \Leftrightarrow F(x) \leq F(F^{-1}(y)) = y}$$

$$\sup_{t \in \mathbb{R}} |F_n(t) - F(t)| = \sup_{y \in (0,1)} |F_n(F^{-1}(y)) - F(F^{-1}(y))|$$

$$= \sup_{y \in (0,1)} \left| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{1}_{\{X_i \leq F^{-1}(y)\}} - y \right|$$

$$= \sup_{y \in (0,1)} \left| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{1}_{\{F(X_i) \leq y\}} - y \right|$$

$(F(X_1), \dots, F(X_n))$
 \rightarrow iid. of uniforms

$\{ \underline{F(X_i)} \rightarrow$ uniform distribution: $\mathbb{P}(F(X_1) \leq u)$

$$= \mathbb{P}(X_1 \leq F^{-1}(u))$$

$$= F(F^{-1}(u)) = u$$

$$\{ \{ F(X_i) \leq u \} = \{ X_i \leq F^{-1}(u) \} \}$$

$F(X_i)$ are iid uniforms

$$\stackrel{D}{=} \sup_{y \in (0,1)} \left| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{1}_{\{U_i \leq y\}} - y \right|$$

S.2. X_1, \dots, X_n , i.i.d.

nonparametric estimate for $\mathbb{P}(X_1 \in B)$

$$\hat{\mathbb{P}}_n(X_1 \in B) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{1}_{\{X_i \in B\}} = \mathbb{P}_n \mathbb{1}_B$$

$$\mathbb{P}(X_1 \in B) = \mathbb{P} \mathbb{1}_B \quad (\mathbb{E}(\mathbb{1}_B(X)))$$

5.3. $X_1, \dots, X_n \sim N(\mu, 1)$

$$P(X_i \leq t) = \Phi(t - \mu)$$

1) $F_n(t)$

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{1}_{\{X_i \leq t\}}$$

$\mathbb{1}_{\{X_i \leq t\}}$ - Bernoulli $p = P(X_i \leq t) = \Phi(t - \mu)$

$$\text{Var}(\mathbb{1}_{\{X_i \leq t\}}) = \Phi(t - \mu)(1 - \Phi(t - \mu)) = p(1 - p)$$

$$\sqrt{n} (F_n(t) - \Phi(t - \mu)) \xrightarrow{\text{CLT}} N(0, \Phi(t - \mu)(1 - \Phi(t - \mu)))$$

$$\sqrt{n} (\bar{X}_n - \mu) \xrightarrow{\text{CLT}} N(0, 1)$$

$$\sqrt{n} (\varphi(\bar{X}_n) - \varphi(\mu)) \xrightarrow{\text{CLT}} N(0, \varphi'(\mu)^2)$$

$$\sqrt{n} (\Phi(\bar{X}_n) - \Phi(t - \mu)) \xrightarrow{\text{CLT}} N(0, \varphi^2(t - \mu))$$

standard normal density

$\Phi = \int_{-\infty}^x \varphi$

2) $\Phi(t - \bar{X}_n)$

$$\sqrt{n} (\bar{X}_n - \mu) \xrightarrow{\text{CLT}} N(0, 1)$$

$$\varphi(x) = \Phi(t - x), \quad \varphi'(x) = -\phi(t - x)$$

$$\sqrt{n} (\Phi(t - \bar{X}_n) - \Phi(t - \mu)) \xrightarrow{\text{CLT}} N(0, \phi^2(t - \mu))$$

Compare the asymptotic variances

$$\Phi(t - \mu)(1 - \Phi(t - \mu)) \neq \phi^2(t - \mu)$$

$$x = t - \mu$$

$$\Phi(x)(1 - \Phi(x)) \geq \phi^2(x) \quad \text{on } [0, \infty)$$

$$g(x) = \Phi(x)(1 - \Phi(x)) - \phi^2(x)$$



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (g(x)) = 0$$

$$\phi(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \Rightarrow \phi'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \cdot (-x) = -x\phi(x)$$

$$g(x) = \Phi(x) - \Phi^2(x) - \phi^2(x)$$

$$g'(x) = \phi(x) - 2\Phi(x)\phi(x) - 2\phi(x)(-x\phi(x))$$

$$= \phi(x) (1 - 2\Phi(x) + 2x\phi(x))$$

evaluate at 0 $1 - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 0 = 0$

$$h(x) = -2\phi(x) + 2\phi(x) + 2x(-x\phi(x))$$

$$= -2x^2\phi(x)$$

$$X_1, \dots, X_n \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$$

$$\phi(x - \bar{X}_n)$$

$$E \left((\phi(x - \bar{X}_n) - \phi(x - \mu))^2 \right)$$

$$E \int_{\mathbb{R}} (\phi(x - \bar{X}_n) - \phi(x - \mu))^2 dx$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} \phi^2(x - \bar{X}_n) dx - 2 \int_{\mathbb{R}} \phi(x - \bar{X}_n) \phi(x - \mu) dx + \int_{\mathbb{R}} \phi^2(x - \mu) dx$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} \phi^2(x - \bar{X}_n) dx = \int_{\mathbb{R}} \phi^2(z) dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\mathbb{R}} e^{-z^2} dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\pi} \cdot \int_{\mathbb{R}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} e^{-\frac{z^2}{\pi}} dz$$

(density of $N(0, \frac{1}{\pi})$)

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \cdot \sqrt{\pi} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} \phi^2(x - \mu) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} \phi^2(z) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} \phi(x - \bar{X}_n) \phi(x - \mu) dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\mathbb{R}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(x - \bar{X}_n)^2\right) \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(x - \mu)^2\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\mathbb{R}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}((x - \bar{X}_n)^2 + (x - \mu)^2)\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\mathbb{R}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(2x^2 - 2x(\bar{X}_n + \mu) + \bar{X}_n^2 + \mu^2)\right) dx$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} 2x^2 - 2x(\bar{X}_n + \mu) &= 2(x^2 - x(\bar{X}_n + \mu)) \\ &= 2(x^2 - 2 \cdot x \cdot \frac{\bar{X}_n + \mu}{2}) \\ &= 2\left((x - \frac{\bar{X}_n + \mu}{2})^2 - \left(\frac{\bar{X}_n + \mu}{2}\right)^2\right) \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\mathbb{R}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(2\left(x - \frac{\bar{X}_n + \mu}{2}\right)^2 - 2\left(\frac{\bar{X}_n + \mu}{2}\right)^2 + \bar{X}_n^2 + \mu^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} e^{+\left(\frac{\bar{X}_n + \mu}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{\bar{X}_n^2}{2} - \frac{\mu^2}{2}} \int_{\mathbb{R}} \exp\left(-\left(x - \frac{\bar{X}_n + \mu}{2}\right)^2\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} e^{-\left(\frac{\bar{X}_n + \mu}{2}\right)^2}$$

$$MSE = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \cdot \left(1 - E e^{-\left(\frac{\bar{X}_n + \mu}{2}\right)^2}\right) \quad \left(\bar{X}_n \sim N\left(\mu, \frac{1}{n}\right)\right)$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} e^{-\left(\frac{z - \mu}{2}\right)^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{n}}} e^{-\frac{(z - \mu)^2}{2 \cdot \frac{1}{n}}} dz$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2n}{4+2n}}$$

$$MSE = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{2n}{2n+4}}\right)$$